Sixty-seventh Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1201

Introduced by

Representatives Roers Jones, Becker, Boschee, Dockter, Mock, M. Ruby Senators Meyer, K. Roers

1	A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact section 19-03.1-01, subdivision n of subsection 5 of
2	section 19-03.1-05, subsection 1 of section 19-03.1-22.2, section 19-03.1-22.3, subdivision d of
3	subsection 7 of section 19-03.1-23 and section, subsection 9 of section 19-03.1-23,
4	subsection 1 of section 19-03.1-23.1, subsection 12 of section 19-03.4-01, and sections
5	19-03.4-03 and 19-03.4-04 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to marijuana; and to
6	provide a penalty.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 19-03.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

19-03.1-01. Definitions.

As used in this chapter and in chapters 19-03.2 and 19-03.4, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Administer" means to apply a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, directly to the body of a patient or research subject by:
 - a. A practitioner or, in the practitioner's presence, by the practitioner's authorized agent; or
 - b. The patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner.
- "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman, or employee of the carrier or warehouseman.
- "Anabolic steroids" means any drug or hormonal substance, chemically and pharmacologically related to testosterone, other than estrogens, progestins, and corticosteroids.

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1 "Board" means the state board of pharmacy. 2 5. "Bureau" means the drug enforcement administration in the United States department 3 of justice or its successor agency. 4 "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor in schedules 6. 5 I through V as set out in this chapter. 6 7. "Controlled substance analog": 7 Means a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the 8 chemical structure of a controlled substance in a schedule I or II and: 9 Which has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central 10 nervous system which is substantially similar to or greater than the 11 stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous 12 system of a controlled substance in schedule I or II; or 13 With respect to a particular individual, which the individual represents or (2) 14 intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the 15 central nervous system substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, 16 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a 17 controlled substance in schedule I or II. 18 b. Does not include: 19 (1) A controlled substance; 20 Any substance for which there is an approved new drug application; or (2) 21 (3) With respect to a particular individual, any substance, if an exemption is in 22 effect for investigational use, for that individual, under section 505 of the 23 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 355] to the extent conduct 24 with respect to the substance is pursuant to the exemption. 25 "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which, or the container or 8. 26 labeling of which, without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name, or other 27 identifying mark, imprint, number or device, or any likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, 28 distributor, or dispenser other than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed, or 29 dispensed the substance.

1 "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer from one 2 person to another of a controlled substance whether or not there is an agency 3 relationship. 4 "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user or research 10. 5 subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing, 6 administering, packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary to prepare the 7 substance for that delivery. 8 11. "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses. 9 12. "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled 10 substance. 11 13. "Distributor" means a person who distributes. 12 14. "Drug" means: 13 Substances recognized as drugs in the official United States pharmacopeia 14 national formulary, or the official homeopathic pharmacopeia of the United States, 15 or any supplement to any of them; 16 Substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or b. 17 prevention of disease in individuals or animals; 18 C. Substances, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of 19 the body of individuals or animals; and 20 Substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in d. 21 subdivision a, b, or c. The term does not include devices or their components, 22 parts, or accessories. 23 "Hashish" means the resin extracted from any part of the plant cannabis with or-15. 24 without its adhering plant parts, whether growing or not, and every compound, 25 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the resin. 26 16. "Immediate precursor" means a substance: 27 That the board has found to be and by rule designates as being the principal a. 28 compound commonly used or produced primarily for use in the manufacture of a 29 controlled substance; 30 That is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the b. 31 manufacture of the controlled substance; and

- c. The control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit the manufacture of the controlled substance.
- "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a controlled substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container. The term does not include the preparation or compounding of a controlled substance by an individual for the individual's own use or the preparation, compounding, packaging, or labeling of a controlled substance:
 - a. By a practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; or
 - b. By a practitioner, or by the practitioner's authorized agent under the practitioner's supervision, for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale.
- "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant cannabis sativa L., whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds, or resin.
 The term does not include the:
 - a. The mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of mature stalks, except the resin extracted therefrom, fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination. The term marijuana does not include hemp as defined in title 4.1
 - b. Hemp as defined in chapter 4.1-18.1; or
 - c. A prescription drug approved by the United States food and drug administration under section 5050 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 355].
- "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

1 Opium and opiate and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or 2 opiate. 3 b. Any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is 4 chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in 5 subdivision a, but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium. 6 Opium poppy and poppy straw. C. 7 Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, d. 8 any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically 9 equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but not including 10 decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves which do not contain 11 cocaine or ecgonine. 12 20.19. "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining 13 liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having 14 addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. The term does not include, unless 15 specifically designated as controlled under section 19-03.1-02, the dextrorotatory 16 isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). The term 17 includes its racemic and levorotatory forms. 18 21.20. "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species papaver somniferum L., except its 19 seeds. 20 22.21. "Over-the-counter sale" means a retail sale of a drug or product other than a 21 controlled, or imitation controlled, substance. 22 23.22. "Person" means individual, corporation, limited liability company, government or 23 governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or 24 association, or any other legal entity. 25 "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing. 24.23. 26 "Practitioner" means: 25.24. 27 A physician, dentist, veterinarian, pharmacist, scientific investigator, or other a. 28 person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted by the jurisdiction in which the 29 individual is practicing to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, 30 or to administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or 31 research.

1		b. A ph	armacy, hospital, or other institution licensed, registered, or otherwise
2		pern	nitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to
3		adm	inister a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or
4		rese	arch in this state.
5	26. <u>25.</u>	"Producti	on" includes the manufacturing, planting, cultivating, growing, or harvesting of
6		a controll	ed substance.
7	27. <u>26.</u>	"Sale" inc	cludes barter, exchange, or gift, or offer therefor, and each such transaction
8		made by	a person, whether as principal, proprietor, agent, servant, or employee.
9	28. <u>27.</u>	"Schedul	ed listed chemical product" means a product that contains ephedrine,
10		pseudoep	phedrin, or phenylpropanolamine, or each of the salts, optical isomers, and
11		salts of o	ptical isomers of each chemical, and that may be marketed or distributed in
12		the Unite	d States under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 301
13		et seq.] a	s a nonprescription drug unless prescribed by a licensed physician.
14	29. 28.	"State" w	hen applied to a part of the United States includes any state, district,
15		common	wealth, territory, insular possession thereof, and any area subject to the legal
16		authority	of the United States.
17	30. 29.	"Ultimate	user" means an individual who lawfully possesses a controlled substance for
18		the indivi	dual's own use or for the use of a member of the individual's household or for
19		administe	ering to an animal owned by the individual or by a member of the individual's
20		househol	d.
21	SEC	TION 2. A	MENDMENT. Subdivision n of subsection 5 of section 19-03.1-05 of the
22	North Da	akota Cent	ury Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
23		n. <u>(1)</u>	Tetrahydrocannabinols, meaning tetrahydrocannabinols naturally contained
24			in a plant of the genus Cannabis (cannabis plant), as well as synthetic
25			equivalents of the substances contained in the cannabis plant, or in the
26			resinous extractives of such plant, including synthetic substances,
27			derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure and
28			pharmacological activity to those substances contained in the plant;
29			excluding tetrahydrocannabinols found in hemp as defined in title 4.1; such
30			as the following:

4	(4)/-> Palka 4 sis an trans to trade allowers which and their artist is a result.							
1	(1)(a) Delta-1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers.							
2	Other names: Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol.							
3	(2)(b) Delta-6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers.							
4	(3)(c) Delta-3,4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers.							
5	(Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally standardized,							
6	compounds of these structures, regardless of numerical designation of atomic							
7	positions covered.)							
8	(2) Tetrahydrocannabinols does not include tetrahydrocannabinols found in							
9	hemp as defined in chapter 4.1-18.1.							
10	SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 19-03.1-22.2 of the North Dakota							
11	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:							
12	1. For purposes of this section:							
13	a. "Chemical substance" means a substance intended to be used as a precursor in							
14	the manufacture of a controlled substance or any other chemical intended to be							
15	used in the manufacture of a controlled substance. Intent under this subsection							
16	may be demonstrated by the substance's use, quantity, manner of storage, or							
17	proximity to other precursors or to manufacturing equipment.							
18	b. "Child" means an individual who is under the age of eighteen years.							
19	c. "Controlled substance" means the same as that term is defined in section							
20	19-03.1-01, except the term does not include less than one-halfone ounce							
21	[28.350 grams] of marijuana, less than five grams of tetrahydrocannabinol in							
22	concentrate form, or less than eight ounces [226.8 grams] of							
23	tetrahydrocannabinol in infused product form.							
24	d. "Drug paraphernalia" means the same as that term is defined in section							
25	19-03.4-01.							
26	e. "Prescription" means the same as that term is described in section 19-03.1-22.							
27	f. "Vulnerable adult" means a vulnerable adult as the term is defined in section							
28	50-25.2-01.							
29	SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 19-03.1-22.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is							
30	amended and reenacted as follows:							

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Legislative Assembly 1 19-03.1-22.3. Ingesting a controlled substance - Venue for violation - Penalty. 2 Except as provided in subsection 2, a person who intentionally ingests, inhales, 3 injects, or otherwise takes into the body a controlled substance, unless the substance 4 was obtained directly from a practitioner or pursuant to a valid prescription or order of 5 a practitioner while acting in the course of the practitioner's professional practice, is 6 guilty of a class A misdemeanor. This subsection does not apply to ingesting, inhaling, 7 injecting, or otherwise taking into the body marijuana or tetrahydracannabinol. 8 A person who is under twenty-one years of age and intentionally ingests, inhales, 9 injects, or otherwise takes into the body a controlled substance that is marijuana, 10 unless the substance was medical marijuana obtained in accordance with chapter 11 19-24.1, is guilty of a class B misdemeanornoncriminal offense punishable by a fee of 12 up to fifty dollars. 13 The venue for a violation of this section exists in either the jurisdiction in which the 14 controlled substance was ingested, inhaled, injected, or otherwise taken into the body 15 or the jurisdiction in which the controlled substance was detected in the body of the 16 accused. 17 SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Subdivision d of subsection 7 of section 19-03.1-23 of the 18 North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 19 A person who violates this subsection by possessing: 20 (1) Marijuana-in

21 In an amount of less than one-halfone ounce [14.17528.350 grams] is 22 guilty of an infractiona noncriminal offense punishable by a fee of up 23 to fifty dollars. 24

(2)(b) At least one-halfone ounce [14.17528.350 grams] but not more than 500250 grams of marijuana is guilty of a class B misdemeanoran infraction.

- $\frac{(3)(c)}{(c)}$ More than 250 grams but not more than 500 grams of marijuana is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
- (4)(d) More than 500 grams of marijuana is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- Tetrahydrocannabinol in concentrate form:

a. The offense was committed during a school sponsored activity or was committed during the hours of six a.m. to ten p.m. if school is in session, the offense involved the manufacture, delivery, or possession, with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance in, on, or within three hundred feet [91.4 meters] of the real property comprising a preschool facility, a public or private elementary or secondary school, or a public career and technical education school, the

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1	defendant was at least twenty-one years of age at the time of the offense, and					
2		the	the offense involved the delivery of a controlled substance to a minor;			
3	b.	The offense involved:				
4		(1)	Fifty	grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable		
5			amo	unt of heroin;		
6		(2)	Fifty	grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable		
7			amo	unt of:		
8			(a)	Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from		
9				which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts		
10				have been removed;		
11			(b)	Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of		
12				isomers;		
13			(c)	Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or		
14			(d)	Any compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of		
15				any of the substance referred to in subparagraphs a through c;		
16		(3)	Twei	nty-eight grams or more of a mixture or substance described in		
17			para	graph 2 which contains cocaine base;		
18		(4)	Ten	grams or more of phencyclidine or one hundred grams or more of a		
19			mixt	ure or substance containing a detectable amount of phencyclidine;		
20		(5)	One	gram, one hundred dosage units, or one-half liquid ounce or more of a		
21			mixt	ure or substance containing a detectable amount of lysergic acid		
22			dieth	ylamide;		
23		(6)	Forty	grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable		
24			amo	unt of N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl] propanamide or ten		
25			gran	ns or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of		
26			any	analog of N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl] propanamide;		
27		(7)	Fifty	grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable		
28			amo	unt of methamphetamine;		
29		(8)	Ten	grams, one hundred dosage units, or one-half liquid ounce or more of a		
30			mixt	ure or substance containing a detectable amount of		
31			3,4-r	methylenedioxy-N-methylamphetamine, C11H15NO2;		

1		(9)	One hundred dosage units or one-half liquid ounce of a mixture or
2			substance containing a detectable amount of gamma-hydroxybutyrate or
3			gamma-butyrolactone or 1,4 butanediol or any substance that is an analog
4			of gamma-hydroxybutyrate; or
5		(10)	One hundred dosage units or one-half liquid ounce of a mixture or
6			substance containing a detectable amount of flunitrazepam; or
7		(11)	Five hundred grams or more of marijuana; or
8	C.	The	defendant had a firearm in the defendant's actual possession at the time of
9		the	offense.
10	SECTIO	N 8. A	AMENDMENT. Subsection 12 of section 19-03.4-01 of the North Dakota
11	Century Cod	le is a	mended and reenacted as follows:
12	12. Ob	jects ı	used, intended for use, or designed for use in ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise
13	inti	oduci	ng marijuana, <u>or</u> cocaine , hashish, or hashish oil into the human body,
14	inc	luding	:
15	a.	Met	al, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without
16		scre	eens, permanent screens , hashish heads , or punctured metal bowls.
17	b.	Wat	er pipes.
18	C.	Car	buretion tubes and devices.
19	d.	Smo	oking and carburetion masks.
20	e.	Obj	ects, sometimes commonly referred to as roach clips, used to hold burning
21		mat	erial, for example, a marijuana cigarette, that has become too small or too
22		sho	rt to be held in the hand.
23	f.	Min	iature cocaine spoons and cocaine vials.
24	g.	Cha	amber pipes.
25	h.	Car	buretor pipes.
26	i.	Elec	ctric pipes.
27	j.	Air-	driven pipes.
28	k.	Chil	llums.
29	l.	Bon	igs.
30	m.	Ice	pipes or chillers.

SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Section 19-03.4-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is 2 amended and reenacted as follows:

19-03.4-03. Unlawful possession of drug paraphernalia - Penalty.

- 1. A person may not use or possess with intent to use drug paraphernalia to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, or conceal a controlled substance in violation of chapter 19-03.1. A person violating this subsection is guilty of a class C felony if the drug paraphernalia is used, or possessed with intent to be used, to manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, or analyze a controlled substance, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol, classified in schedule I, II, or III of chapter 19-03.1.
- 2. A person may not use or possess with the intent to use drug paraphernalia to inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise induce into the human body a controlled substance, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol, classified in schedule I, II, or III of chapter 19-03.1. A person violating this subsection is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. If a person previously has been convicted of an offense under this title, other than an offense related to marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol, or an equivalent offense from another court in the United States, a violation of this subsection is a class C felony.
- 3. A person may not use or possess with intent to use drug paraphernalia to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, or repack marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol in violation of chapter 19-03.1. A person violating this subsection is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- 4. A person may not use or possess with the intent to use drug paraphernalia to ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol or possess with the intent to use drug paraphernalia to store or contain marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol in violation of chapter 19-03.1. A person violating this subsection is guilty of an infractiona noncriminal offense punishable by a fee of up to fifty dollars. If a person is subject to a fee or penalty under subdivision d of subsection 7 of section 19-03.1-23, the person may not be subject to a fee under this subsection.

- A person sentenced to the legal and physical custody of the department of corrections and rehabilitation under this section may be placed in a drug and alcohol treatment program as designated by the department. Upon the successful completion of the drug and alcohol treatment program, the department shall release the person from imprisonment to begin any court-ordered period of probation. If the person is not subject to court-ordered probation, the court may order the person to serve the remainder of the sentence of imprisonment on supervised probation subject to the terms and conditions imposed by the court.
- 6. Probation under this section may include placement in another facility, treatment program, or drug court. If the person is placed in another facility or treatment program upon release from imprisonment, the remainder of the sentence must be considered as time spent in custody.

SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 19-03.4-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

19-03.4-04. Unlawful manufacture or delivery of drug paraphernalia - Penalty.

A person may not deliver, possess with intent to deliver, or manufacture with intent to deliver, drug paraphernalia, if that person knows or should reasonably know that the drug paraphernalia will be used to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance in violation of chapter 19-03.1. Any person violating this section is guilty of a class C felony if the drug paraphernalia will be used to manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, inject, ingest, inhale, or analyze a controlled substance, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol, classified in schedule I, II, or III of chapter 19-03.1. Otherwise, a violation of this section is a class A misdemeanor.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1201

- Page 1, line 1, after "reenact" insert "section 19-03.1-01, subdivision n of subsection 5 of section 19-03.1-05, subsection 1 of section 19-03.1-22.2, section 19-03.1-22.3,"
- Page 1, line 1, remove the second "and"
- Page 1, line 2, replace "section" with ", subsection 9 of section 19-03.1-23, subsection 1 of section 19-03.1-23.1, subsection 12 of section 19-03.4-01, and sections"
- Page 1, line 2, after "19-03.4-03" insert "and 19-03.4-04"
- Page 1, line 2, after "marijuana" insert "; and to provide a penalty"
- Page 1, after line 4, insert:

"SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 19-03.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

19-03.1-01. Definitions.

As used in this chapter and in chapters 19-03.2 and 19-03.4, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Administer" means to apply a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, directly to the body of a patient or research subject by:
 - a. A practitioner or, in the practitioner's presence, by the practitioner's authorized agent; or
 - b. The patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner.
- "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman, or employee of the carrier or warehouseman.
- 3. "Anabolic steroids" means any drug or hormonal substance, chemically and pharmacologically related to testosterone, other than estrogens, progestins, and corticosteroids.
- 4. "Board" means the state board of pharmacy.
- 5. "Bureau" means the drug enforcement administration in the United States department of justice or its successor agency.
- 6. "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor in schedules I through V as set out in this chapter.
- 7. "Controlled substance analog":

- a. Means a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance in a schedule I or II and:
 - (1) Which has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system which is substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance in schedule I or II; or
 - (2) With respect to a particular individual, which the individual represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance in schedule I or II.

b. Does not include:

- (1) A controlled substance;
- (2) Any substance for which there is an approved new drug application; or
- (3) With respect to a particular individual, any substance, if an exemption is in effect for investigational use, for that individual, under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 355] to the extent conduct with respect to the substance is pursuant to the exemption.
- 8. "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which, or the container or labeling of which, without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, number or device, or any likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser other than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed, or dispensed the substance.
- 9. "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled substance whether or not there is an agency relationship.
- 10. "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery.
- 11. "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.
- 12. "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.
- 13. "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
- 14. "Drug" means:
 - Substances recognized as drugs in the official United States
 pharmacopeia national formulary, or the official homeopathic
 pharmacopeia of the United States, or any supplement to any of them;

- b. Substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in individuals or animals;
- c. Substances, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of individuals or animals; and
- d. Substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in subdivision a, b, or c. The term does not include devices or their components, parts, or accessories.
- 15. "Hashish" means the resin extracted from any part of the plant cannabis with or without its adhering plant parts, whether growing or not, and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the resin.
- 16. "Immediate precursor" means a substance:
 - a. That the board has found to be and by rule designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use in the manufacture of a controlled substance;
 - b. That is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of the controlled substance; and
 - c. The control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit the manufacture of the controlled substance.
- 47.16. "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a controlled substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container. The term does not include the preparation or compounding of a controlled substance by an individual for the individual's own use or the preparation, compounding, packaging, or labeling of a controlled substance:
 - a. By a practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; or
 - b. By a practitioner, or by the practitioner's authorized agent under the practitioner's supervision, for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale.
- 18.17. "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant cannabis sativa L., whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds, or resin. The term does not include the:
 - a. The mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of mature stalks, except the resin extracted therefrom, fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination. The term marijuana does not include hemp as defined in title 4.1

- b. Hemp as defined in chapter 4.1-18.1; or
- c. A prescription drug approved by the United States food and drug administration under section 5050 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 355].
- 19.18. "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
 - a. Opium and opiate and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate.
 - Any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in subdivision a, but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.
 - c. Opium poppy and poppy straw.
 - d. Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.
- 20.19. "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. The term does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under section 19-03.1-02, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). The term includes its racemic and levorotatory forms.
- 21.20. "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species papaver somniferum L., except its seeds.
- "Over-the-counter sale" means a retail sale of a drug or product other than a controlled, or imitation controlled, substance.
- 23.22. "Person" means individual, corporation, limited liability company, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, or any other legal entity.
- 24.23. "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.
- 25.24. "Practitioner" means:
 - a. A physician, dentist, veterinarian, pharmacist, scientific investigator, or other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted by the jurisdiction in which the individual is practicing to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research.

- b. A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state.
- 26.25. "Production" includes the manufacturing, planting, cultivating, growing, or harvesting of a controlled substance.
- "Sale" includes barter, exchange, or gift, or offer therefor, and each such transaction made by a person, whether as principal, proprietor, agent, servant, or employee.
- 28.27. "Scheduled listed chemical product" means a product that contains ephedrine, pseudoephedrin, or phenylpropanolamine, or each of the salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers of each chemical, and that may be marketed or distributed in the United States under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.] as a nonprescription drug unless prescribed by a licensed physician.
- 29.28. "State" when applied to a part of the United States includes any state, district, commonwealth, territory, insular possession thereof, and any area subject to the legal authority of the United States.
- 30.29. "Ultimate user" means an individual who lawfully possesses a controlled substance for the individual's own use or for the use of a member of the individual's household or for administering to an animal owned by the individual or by a member of the individual's household.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subdivision n of subsection 5 of section 19-03.1-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- n. (1) Tetrahydrocannabinols, meaning tetrahydrocannabinols naturally contained in a plant of the genus Cannabis (cannabis plant), as well as synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the cannabis plant, or in the resinous extractives of such plant, including synthetic substances, derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity to those substances contained in the plant; excluding tetrahydrocannabinols found in hemp as defined in title 4.1; such as the following:
 - (1)(a) Delta-1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers. Other names: Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol.
 - (2)(b) Delta-6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers.
 - (3)(c) Delta-3,4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers.

(Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally standardized, compounds of these structures, regardless of numerical designation of atomic positions covered.)

(2) <u>Tetrahydrocannabinols does not include tetrahydrocannabinols</u> <u>found in hemp as defined in chapter 4.1-18.1.</u>

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 19-03.1-22.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 1. For purposes of this section:
 - a. "Chemical substance" means a substance intended to be used as a precursor in the manufacture of a controlled substance or any other chemical intended to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance. Intent under this subsection may be demonstrated by the substance's use, quantity, manner of storage, or proximity to other precursors or to manufacturing equipment.
 - b. "Child" means an individual who is under the age of eighteen years.
 - c. "Controlled substance" means the same as that term is defined in section 19-03.1-01, except the term does not include less than one-halfone ounce [28.350 grams] of marijuana, less than five grams of tetrahydrocannabinol in concentrate form, or less than eight ounces [226.8 grams] of tetrahydrocannabinol in infused product form.
 - d. "Drug paraphernalia" means the same as that term is defined in section 19-03.4-01.
 - e. "Prescription" means the same as that term is described in section 19-03.1-22.
 - f. "Vulnerable adult" means a vulnerable adult as the term is defined in section 50-25.2-01.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 19-03.1-22.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

19-03.1-22.3. Ingesting a controlled substance - Venue for violation - Penalty.

- 1. Except as provided in subsection 2, a person who intentionally ingests, inhales, injects, or otherwise takes into the body a controlled substance, unless the substance was obtained directly from a practitioner or pursuant to a valid prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in the course of the practitioner's professional practice, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. This subsection does not apply to ingesting, inhaling, injecting, or otherwise taking into the body marijuana or tetrahydracannabinol.
- 2. A person who is under twenty-one years of age and intentionally ingests, inhales, injects, or otherwise takes into the body a controlled substance that is marijuana, unless the substance was medical marijuana obtained in accordance with chapter 19-24.1, is guilty of a class B-misdemeanornoncriminal offense punishable by a fee of up to fifty dollars.
- The venue for a violation of this section exists in either the jurisdiction in which the controlled substance was ingested, inhaled, injected, or otherwise taken into the body or the jurisdiction in which the controlled substance was detected in the body of the accused."

Page 1, line 7, overstrike "in" and insert immediately thereafter:

"(a) In"

Page 1, line 10, overstrike "(2)" and insert immediately thereafter "(b)"

Page 1, line 12, overstrike "(3)" and insert immediately thereafter "(c)"

Page 1, line 14, replace "(4)" with "(d)"

Page 1, after line 14, insert:

- "(2) <u>Tetrahydrocannabinol in concentrate form:</u>
 - (a) In an amount less than five grams is guilty of a noncriminal offense punishable by a fee of up to fifty dollars.
 - (b) At least five grams but not more than twelve and one-half grams is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
 - (c) More than twelve and one-half grams is guilty of a class C felony.
- (3) Tetrahydrocannabinol in infused product form:
 - (a) In an amount less than eight ounces [226.8 grams] is guilty of a noncriminal offense punishable by a fee of up to fifty dollars.
 - (b) At least eight ounces [226.8 grams] but not more than sixteen ounces [253.6 grams] is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
 - (c) More than sixteen ounces [453.6 grams] is guilty of a class C felony.

SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Subsection 9 of section 19-03.1-23 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

9. If a person pleads guilty or is found guilty of a first offense regarding possession of less than one ounce [28.35 grams] or less-of marijuana, less than five grams of tetrahydrocannabinol in concentrate form, or less than eight ounces [226.8 grams] of tetrahydrocannabinol in infused product form and a judgment of guilt is entered, a court, upon motion, shall seal the court record of that conviction if the person is not subsequently convicted within two years of a further violation of this chapter. Once sealed, the court record may not be opened even by order of the court.

SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 19-03.1-23.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 1. A person who violates section 19-03.1-23 is subject to the penalties provided in subsection 2 if:
 - a. The offense was committed during a school sponsored activity or was committed during the hours of six a.m. to ten p.m. if school is in session, the offense involved the manufacture, delivery, or possession, with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance in, on, or within three hundred feet [91.4 meters] of the real property comprising a preschool facility, a public or private elementary or secondary school, or a public career and technical education school, the defendant was at least twenty-one years of age at the time

of the offense, and the offense involved the delivery of a controlled substance to a minor;

b. The offense involved:

- (1) Fifty grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin;
- (2) Fifty grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of:
 - (a) Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;
 - (b) Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;
 - (c) Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or
 - (d) Any compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of any of the substance referred to in subparagraphs a through c;
- (3) Twenty-eight grams or more of a mixture or substance described in paragraph 2 which contains cocaine base;
- (4) Ten grams or more of phencyclidine or one hundred grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of phencyclidine;
- (5) One gram, one hundred dosage units, or one-half liquid ounce or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of lysergic acid diethylamide;
- (6) Forty grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl] propanamide or ten grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of any analog of N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl] propanamide;
- (7) Fifty grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine;
- (8) Ten grams, one hundred dosage units, or one-half liquid ounce or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-methylamphetamine, C11H15NO2;
- (9) One hundred dosage units or one-half liquid ounce of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of gamma-hydroxybutyrate or gamma-butyrolactone or 1,4 butanediol or any substance that is an analog of gamma-hydroxybutyrate; or

- (10) One hundred dosage units or one-half liquid ounce of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of flunitrazepam; or
- (11) Five hundred grams or more of marijuana; or
- c. The defendant had a firearm in the defendant's actual possession at the time of the offense.

SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Subsection 12 of section 19-03.4-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 12. Objects used, intended for use, or designed for use in ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing marijuana, or cocaine, hashish, or hashish oil into the human body, including:
 - Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls.
 - b. Water pipes.
 - c. Carburetion tubes and devices.
 - d. Smoking and carburetion masks.
 - e. Objects, sometimes commonly referred to as roach clips, used to hold burning material, for example, a marijuana cigarette, that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand.
 - f. Miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine vials.
 - g. Chamber pipes.
 - h. Carburetor pipes.
 - i. Electric pipes.
 - j. Air-driven pipes.
 - k. Chillums.
 - I. Bongs.
 - m. Ice pipes or chillers."
- Page 2, line 1, after "marijuana" insert "or tetrahydrocannabinol"
- Page 2, line 5, after "marijuana" insert "or tetrahydrocannabinol"
- Page 2, line 7, after "marijuana" insert "or tetrahydrocannabinol"
- Page 2, line 12, after "marijuana" insert "or tetrahydrocannabinol"
- Page 2, line 15, after "marijuana" insert "or tetrahydrocannabinol"
- Page 2, line 16, after "marijuana" insert "or tetrahydrocannabinol"
- Page 3, after line 2, insert:

"SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 19-03.4-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

19-03.4-04. Unlawful manufacture or delivery of drug paraphernalia - Penalty.

A person may not deliver, possess with intent to deliver, or manufacture with intent to deliver, drug paraphernalia, if that person knows or should reasonably know that the drug paraphernalia will be used to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance in violation of chapter 19-03.1. Any person violating this section is guilty of a class C felony if the drug paraphernalia will be used to manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, inject, ingest, inhale, or analyze a controlled substance, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol, classified in schedule I, II, or III of chapter 19-03.1. Otherwise, a violation of this section is a class A misdemeanor."

Renumber accordingly